Ala. Code 1975, § 13A-6-91

Aggravated Stalking in the First Degree

The defendant is charged with aggravated stalking in the first degree.

A person commits the crime of aggravated stalking in the first degree if he/she intentionally and repeatedly follows or harasses another person and makes a threat, either expressed or implied, with the intent to place that person in reasonable fear of death or serious bodily harm, and whose conduct in doing so also violates any court order or injunction.

To convict, the State must prove beyond a reasonable doubt each of the following elements:

- (1) The defendant intentionally and repeatedly followed or harassed another person, **[Insert Name]**;
- (2) The defendant made a threat, either expressed or implied, [Describe];
- (3) The defendant did so with the intent to place that person in reasonable fear of death or serious bodily harm; **(AND)**
- (4) The defendant's conduct in doing so also violated a court order or injunction.

To *harass* is to engage in an intentional course of conduct directed at a specified person which alarms or annoys that person, or interferes with the freedom of movement of that person, and which serves no legitimate purpose. The course of conduct must be such as would cause a reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress, and must actually cause substantial emotional distress. [13A-6-92(c)]

A *course of conduct* is a pattern of conduct composed of a series of acts over a period of time which evidences a continuity of purpose. [13A-6-92(a)]

A *threat* is any word or action, expressed or implied, made with the intent to cause a person who is the target of the threat to fear for his/her safety or for the safety of a family member and to cause reasonable mental anxiety, anguish or fear. [13A-6-92(b)]

A person acts *intentionally* with respect to a result or to conduct described by a statute defining an offense when his/her purpose is to cause that result or to engage in that conduct. [13A-2-2(1)]

If you find from the evidence that the State has proved beyond a reasonable doubt each of the above elements of aggravated stalking in the first degree, then you shall find the defendant guilty of aggravated stalking in the first degree.

If you find that the State has failed to prove any one or more of the elements of the offense of aggravated stalking in the first degree, then you cannot find the defendant guilty of aggravated stalking in the first degree.

[If lesser-included offenses are included, the Court should instruct on those offenses at this point.]

Use Notes

A *credible threat* is defined in 13A-6-92(b) as a threat, express or implied, made with the intent and the apparent ability to carry out the threat so as to cause the person who is the target of the threat to fear for his/her safety or the safety of a family member and to cause reasonable mental anxiety, anguish, or fear. However, *credible threat* is not used in 13A-6-90. The statute merely says "threat," even though the definitions section (13A-6-92) contains a definition for credible threat but not threat.

[Approved 9-2-15.]